#### Chief Medical Officer Directorate

Pharmacy and Medicines Division



Dear Colleague

# SERIOUS SHORTAGE PROTOCOL: QUETAPINE 200MG TABLETS – RESTRICTION

## **Purpose**

 To advise of a Serious Shortage Protocol (SSP) in place for quetiapine 200mg tablets, from 16 July 2024 to 13 September 2024.

## **Background**

- Changes made to the Human Medicines Regulations 2012 and the NHS (Pharmaceutical Services) (Scotland) Regulations 2009, the latter of which became effective from 31 October 2019, allow the use of Serious Shortage Protocols (SSPs).
- 3. An SSP is an additional tool to manage and mitigate medication shortages and may be used when other measures have been exhausted or are likely to be ineffective. There are two types of SSP; one that covers prescription only medicines and another that covers pharmacy and general sales list medicines and appliances.
- 4. Each SSP is individually developed and authorised clinically, to enable community pharmacists and dispensing doctors to dispense a different strength or formulation or alternative medicine or appliances in accordance with the protocol, rather than having to refer prescribing decisions back to the original prescriber. These protocols are time limited.
- Community pharmacists are expected to use their professional skill and judgement to decide whether it is reasonable and appropriate to substitute a person's prescribed medicine using the SSP. The person will also have to agree to the alternative supply.

22 July 2024

#### **Addresses**

For action
Chief Executives, NHS Boards
Director Practitioner Services,
NHS NSS

For information
Directors of Pharmacy
NHS Medical Directors

#### **Enquiries to:**

Pharmacy Team 1<sup>st</sup> Floor East Rear St Andrew's House EDINBURGH EH1 3DG

Email: PharmacyTeam@gov.scot

www.gov.scot







- 6. Certain classes of medicines, for example cytotoxic medicines, biologics, anti-epileptic medicines and certain antipsychotic medicines, are not considered to be suitable for SSPs due to concerns about ensuring bioequivalence. In these cases, people should be referred back to the prescriber for any decision about their treatment before any therapeutic or generic alternative is supplied.
- 7. The addition of new SSPs and any amendments or extensions to existing SSPs are documented on the NHS Business Services Authority website using the following link: <u>Serious shortage protocols</u> (SSPs) | NHSBSA.

# Medicine supply situation requiring the use of an SSP

- 8. A supply issue with Quetiapine 200mg tablets has been identified. In order to manage stock supplies fairly and effectively, there are three UK-wide SSPs in place for this particular product:
  - <u>SSP 065</u> Where the duration of treatment on the prescription is for <u>one month's supply or less</u> and quetiapine 200mg tablets are not available.
  - <u>SSP 066</u> Where the duration of treatment on the prescription is for <u>more than one</u> <u>month's supply</u> and quetiapine 200mg tablets are available.
  - <u>SSP 064</u> Where the duration of treatment on the prescription is for <u>more than one month's supply</u> and quetiapine 200mg tablets are not available.
- 9. **This circular refers to <u>SSP 066</u>**, where the duration of treatment on the prescription is for more than one month's supply and quetiapine 200mg tablets are available, the equivalent to one month's supply of the prescribed medicine will be supplied

## Operational overview

- 10. Between 16 July 2024 and 13 September 2024, for people presenting with an NHS or private prescription for more than one month's supply and quetiapine 200mg tablets are available, community pharmacists may limit the supply in accordance with this SSP. Total quantity supplied under this protocol is to be equivalent to one months' supply of the prescribed medicine.
- 11. Pharmacists should be aware of the vulnerability of this patient group and take particular time to ensure they understand the reason for the supply limit. Pharmacists must also ensure that the patient's prescriber and/or GP practice is notified when supplying a patient in accordance with this SSP.
- 12. If a patient or their carer declines to receive the medicine under this SSP, a pharmacist should use their professional judgement to determine if other courses of action are appropriate whilst taking into consideration wider supply issues. If this does not address their concerns, the patient should be referred back to their prescriber for advice.
- 13. Community pharmacists are asked to review and familiarise themselves with the scope and the clinical situation to which this SSP applies, as outlined in the guidance provided within SSP 066.

14. If a pharmacist, using their professional judgement, considers that supplying the patient in accordance with the SSP would not be appropriate, the patient should be referred back to their prescriber promptly.

#### **Additional information**

- 15. Patients from any UK Nation who present a prescription for quetiapine 200mg tablets are eligible to receive the equivalent to one months' supply under the terms of this SSP 066.
- 16. The scope of this SSP 066 applies to valid prescriptions that meets the requirements of the Human Medicine Regulations 2012, thereby covering both NHS and private prescriptions, unless where it stated otherwise on the SSP itself.
- 17. In accordance with this SSP 066, pharmacists will only be able to dispense one month's supply for Quetiapine 200mg tablets. Patients should be made aware that under the terms of this SSP 066, the prescription will be deemed complete, and no further supply can be made from the same prescription above the one month quantity.
- 18. The supply in accordance with this SSP only allows supply of a one-month quantity when the prescription is for a longer duration of treatment. It does not allow the supply of a different product. However, if a pharmacist thinks that an alternative product would be suitable for the patient, they should either contact the prescriber to discuss this (with the patient's consent) or direct the patient back to the prescriber.
- 19. Where a patient does not consent to receive a lower quantity in accordance with this SSP 066, the pharmacists should use their professional judgement to determine if other courses of action are appropriate whilst taking into consideration wider supply issues. For example, pharmacists must consider under their NHS terms of service if it is "reasonable and appropriate" to supply in accordance with this SSP 066 or another SSP, such as SSP 065 or SSP 067. If a pharmacist concludes that it is not reasonable or appropriate to supply the medication in accordance with any of the SSPs, they must consider if they can dispense the prescription in the usual way 'in a reasonable timescale.' If they can, the ordinary obligation to dispense in accordance with the prescription applies. If they cannot, because there is insufficient supply to fulfil the prescribed quantity within a reasonable timescale, the pharmacist may return the prescription, but if they do so, they must provide the patient with appropriate advice about going back to the prescriber.
- 20. In the event that a pharmacist concludes that it is reasonable and appropriate to dispense in accordance with the SSP, but the patient persists in refusing to accept the option of the lesser quantity, a pharmacist may advise the patient that they will dispense in accordance with the SSP or not at all, if that is in accordance with their professional judgement.
- 21. The patient retains the right to either accept the professional decision of the pharmacist or to ask for their prescription to be returned to them.
- 22. Where it is not clear from the prescription what constitutes a one month supply, the pharmacist will need to discuss with the patient and use their professional judgment.

- 23. If a pharmacist, using their professional judgement, considers that supplying the patient in accordance with the SSP would not be appropriate, the patient should be referred back to their prescriber promptly.
- 24. If the prescription states that either one month's supply or less is to be supplied to the patient, this SSP 066 does not apply. A pharmacist should dispense the medication in accordance with the prescription.

## Supporting information on notifying other healthcare professionals

- 25. Any items supplied in accordance with an SSP in response to an NHS prescription also needs to be supplied in accordance with NHS Pharmaceutical Services Regulations.
- 26. Those Regulations provide that where a therapeutic equivalent is supplied, a pharmacist will need to inform a patient's GP practice. This would be expected within the next working day, but further guidance would be given in any case where this applied.
- 27. Where a different quantity, an alternative pharmaceutical form, an alternative strength or a generic equivalent is provided, it may not always be necessary that the patient's prescriber is informed, as the existence of the SSP may be enough for the prescriber to be aware that these changes in dispensing may take place, unless national arrangements agreed with the relevant representative bodies state otherwise. However, guidance may be issued on particular SSPs to indicate that prescribers should be informed of any patients that receive supply under it.

#### **Fees and Endorsements**

- 28. When an SSP is introduced, a pharmacist should use the Other endorsement function quoting SSP and the relevant reference number in this case add SSP 066. A community pharmacy contractor will receive a multiplier per item of 5 (x5), via the dispensing pool, for any necessary supply in accordance with SSPs. Endorsements must be made in line with the SSP to be eligible for payment.
- 29. The paper form should be endorsed PMR with details added of what was supplied as well as 'SSP 066' annotated. This is to ensure accurate reimbursement for non-barcoded forms or where an electronic claim message is unavailable.

## **Enquiries**

30. For any queries on the detail of this SSP, please contact the Scottish Government Pharmacy Team at <a href="mailto:PharmacyTeam@gov.scot">PharmacyTeam@gov.scot</a>.

## Action

31. Health Boards are asked to note the contents of this Circular and to bring it to the attention of community pharmacy contractors on their Pharmaceutical Lists and Area Pharmaceutical Committees. This Circular should also be brought to the attention of General Practices.

Yours sincerely

PCA (P)(2024) 16

**Alison Strath** 

Chief Pharmaceutical Officer